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COMMISSION

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5** PART III

OMB APPROVAL

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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	07/01/08 AND E	NDING	6/30/09
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Nobles & Richards, Inc.	Nobles & Richards, Inc.		FIRM ID. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	NESS: (Do not use P.O. Bo	x No.)	TIMILE. NO.
801 East Plano Parkway, Suite 22	0		
	(No. and Street)		
Plano	Texas	,	75074
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT w	COUNTANT IDENTIF		
Phillip V. George, PLLC			
(Nam	ne – if individual, state last, first, mia	ldle name)	
4421 Wanda Lane	Flower Mound	Texas	75022
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant not resident in Un	ited States or any of its poss	essions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONL	Y	
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^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,	Ilonka Nobles		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my
knowle	edge and belief the	accompanying financial statement an	d supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	Nobles & Richa	ards, Inc.	, as of
	June 30	, 20 09 , are true ar	nd correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company
nor an	y partner, proprieto	or, principal officer or director has a	ny proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that o
	omer, except as foll		
	_		
		NONE	
	KRISTEN	N RENAE MOREHEAD	Marika Mobiles
	My Co	Public, State of Texas commission Expires August 05, 2012	Signature
	See Wage		President
	\circ	00	Title
V:	aisten Ru	na Mouhead	
	Notary Public	1000	
This re	eport** contains (cl	heck all applicable boxes):	
	(a) Facing page.		
		Financial Condition.	
	(c) Statement of		
	(d) Statement of	Cash Flows.	
	(e) Statement of	Changes in Stockholders' Equity or	Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
	(f) Statement of	Changes in Liabilities Subordinated	to Claims of Creditors.
	(g) Computation	of Net Capital.	
	(h) Computation	n for Determination of Reserve Requi	rements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
	(i) Information	Relating to the Possession or control	Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	(i) A Reconcilia	ation, including appropriate explanati	on, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 13c3-1 and
_	the Computa	ation for Determination of the Reserv	e Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	(k) A Reconcilia	ation between the audited and unaudit	ed Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods
	of consolidat		
	(l) An Oath or A	Affirmation.	
	(m) A copy of the	ne SIPC Supplemental Report.	
	(n) A report des	cribing any material inadequacies for	and to exist or found to have existed since the date of the
	previous aud	lit.	
	(o) Independent	auditor's report on the internal contr	ol as required by SEC rule 17a-5.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2009

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PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Nobles & Richards, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Nobles & Richards, Inc. as of June 30, 2009, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Nobles & Richards, Inc. as of June 30, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

July V. Borns Puc

Flower Mound, Texas August 14, 2009

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. Statement of Financial Condition June 30, 2009

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 29,081
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 29,081
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 53
Stockholders' Equity	
Common stock, \$1.00 par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 1,000 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit	1,000 30,000 (1,972)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	29,028
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 29,081

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. Statement of Income Year Ended June 30, 2009

Revenue

Investment banking revenues Reimbursed expenses Rental income	\$ 96,750 8,435 800
TOTAL REVENUE	 105,985
Expenses	
Compensation and related costs	\$ 66,616
Regulatory fees	21,431
Professional fees	6,537
Occupancy and equipment	1,600
Other expenses	 2,247
TOTAL EXPENSES	 98,431
NET INCOME	\$ 7,554

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Common Shares	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Total
Balances at June 30, 2008	1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 18,000	\$ (9,526)	\$ 9,474
Net income	-	-	-	7,554	7,554
Additional capital contributed	-	-	12,000	-	12,000
Balances at June 30, 2009	1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 30,000	\$ (1,972)	\$ 29,028

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2009

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net income	\$ 7	,554		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Changes in assets and liabilities		53		
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses				
Net cash provided by operating activities	7	7,607		
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Additional capital contributed	12	2,000		
Net change in cash	19	9,607		
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Cash at beginning of year	9	9,474		
Cash at end of year	\$ 29	9,081		
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:				
Cash paid during the year for:				
Interest	\$	-		
Income taxes	\$	-		

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business:

Nobles & Richards, Inc. (the Company), a Texas corporation, was incorporated on October 2, 2007. The Company's registration as a broker/dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) was approved on August 13, 2008. The Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company provides products, licensing and compliance services to its registered representatives, all of whom are independent contractors. As independent contractors, the Company's registered representatives, or the issuer whose securities they are placing, are responsible for all of their expenses of licensing and operations.

The Company operates pursuant to section (k)(2)(i) exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that Rule. The Company does not hold customer funds or securities, but will limit its business to the selling of oil and gas interests, tax shelters or limited partnerships in primary distributions, and private placements of securities. Under these exemptive provisions, the Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements and Information Relating to the Possession and Control Requirements are not required.

Significant Accounting Policies:

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Cash, accounts payable and accrued expenses are short-term in nature and accordingly are reported in the statement of financial condition at fair value or carrying amounts that approximate fair value.

Investment Banking Revenue

The Company recognizes revenue on the sale of interests in private placement offerings in the period in which customer subscriptions to such offerings are funded, upon the Company reaching the minimum subscription requirements of such offerings.

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Taxes

In December 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) FIN 48-3, "Effective Date of FASB Interpretation No. 48 for Certain Nonpublic Enterprises." FSP FIN 48-3 permits an entity within its scope to defer the effective date of FASB Interpretation 48 (Interpretation 48), Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes, to its annual financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company has elected to defer the application of Interpretation 48 for the year ending June 30, 2009. The Company evaluates its uncertain tax positions using the provisions of FASB Statement 5, Accounting for Contingencies. Accordingly, a loss contingency is recognized when it is probable that a liability has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The amount recognized is subject to estimate and management judgment with respect to the likely outcome of each uncertain tax position. The amount that is ultimately sustained for an individual uncertain tax position or for all uncertain tax positions in the aggregate could differ from the amount recognized. The Company has no loss contingency recognized at June 30, 2009.

Note 2 - Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of a minimum amount of net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At June 30, 2009, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$29,028 and \$5,000, respectively. Its ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital at June 30, 2009 was .002 to 1.

Note 3 - Income Taxes

The Company's current year taxable income was fully offset by prior years net operating losses. The Company has a net operating loss carryforward remaining of approximately \$1,500 available to offset future taxable income, which expires in 2028. The net operating loss carryforward create a deferred tax asset of approximately \$200; however, the entire amount has been offset by valuation allowance, therefore, there is no deferred tax asset recognized in the accompanying statement of financial condition.

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. Notes to Financial Statements

Note 4 - Commitments and Contingencies

Office Lease

The Company leases office space for \$800 per month on a month-to-month basis. Rent expense totaled \$1,600 for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Contingencies

The nature of the Company's business subjects it to various claims, regulatory examinations, and other proceedings in the ordinary course of business. The ultimate outcome of any such action against the Company could have an adverse impact on the financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows of the Company.

Note 5 - Related Party Transactions

The Company sub leases office space to a shareholder for \$400 a month on a month-to-month lease. Sub lease revenue totaled \$800 for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Note 6 - Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through August 14, 2009, the date which the financial statements were issued.

Schedule I

NOBLES & RICHARDS, INC. Computation of Net Capital and Aggregate Indebtedness Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 June 30, 2009

Total stockholders' equity qualified for net capital	\$	29,028
Deductions and/or charges		_
Net Capital		29,028
Aggregate indebtedness		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>\$</u>	53
Computation of basic net capital requirement		
Minimum net capital required (greater of \$5,000 or 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)	\$	5,000
Net capital in excess of minimum requirement	\$	24,028
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0	02 to 1

Note: The above computation does not differ from the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 as of June 30, 2009 as filed by Nobles & Richards, Inc. on Form X-17A-5. Accordingly, no reconciliation is deemed necessary.

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5(G)(1)

Board of Directors Nobles & Richards, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Nobles & Richards, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at June 30, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

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Flower Mound, Texas August 14, 2009